Convenience, complacency, confidence: we need action

Two studies were released this week that provide conflicting lessons on the importance of the new Omicron variant of the SARS-CoV-2 virus and its impact on vaccine effectiveness and public health policies. The first study, conducted by the University of Oxford, found that the new variant is less well controlled by the current vaccines, while the second, from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, suggests that the new variant may be less transmissible than previous strains.

HILARY JOFFE

The new variant, known as Omicron, has been identified in South Africa and is thought to be the most transmissible yet. However, some experts believe that the new variant may be less virulent than previous strains.

Today, the focus is on how to contain the spread of the new variant, but the long-term implications for public health policies are still unclear. Some experts believe that the new variant may be less virulent than previous strains, while others believe that it may be more contagious.

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